

Math Field Day 2015
Relay A

A1. How many 2-digit integers are there whose digits sum to 12?

A2. Let k be the number you receive. For what number n is $x + k$ a factor of $x^2 + (k+1)x + n$?

A3. Let k be the number you receive. Find the slope of the line through the points $(k+4, 7k+1)$ and $(3k+1, 2k^2+7)$.

A4. Let k be the number you receive. Multiplying out

gives

$$(x - 2)(x - k + 1)(x + 2k)$$
$$x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$$

for numbers b , c , and d . Find b .

A5. Let k be the number you receive. Find the area of the region consisting of all points (x, y) with $0 \leq x \leq k$, $0 \leq y \leq k$, and $2x + y \geq k$.

1. 7

2. 7

3. 5

4. 4

5.

12

Math Field Day 2015
Relay B

B1. Find the larger of the two roots of the quadratic $2x^2 - x - 15$.

B2. Let k be the number you receive. Find the area of the square with perimeter $4k - 4$.

B3. Let k be the number you receive. If $f(x + 1) = 3x - 5$ for all x , find $f(k)$.

B4. Let k be the number you receive. Find the length of the hypotenuse of a right triangle with legs of lengths $k - 1$ and $2k^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

B5. Let k be the number you receive. Let x and y satisfy the following two equations.

$$\begin{aligned}y^2 &= x^2 + 2k \\ y &= x + 2\end{aligned}$$

Find $x + y$.

1. 3

2. 4

3. 4

4. 5

5.

Math Field Day 2015
Relay C

C1. How many pairs of integers a and b with $1 < a < b$ have product 96?

C2. Let k be the number you receive. Find the area of the triangle bounded by the lines $x = 0$, $y = 1$, and $x + y = k$.

C3. Let k be the number you receive. Find the smaller solution x to $|x - 2k| = k - 1$.

C4. Let k be the number you receive. Find the x -coordinate of the point of intersection of the following two lines.

$$\begin{aligned}kx + y &= k^2 + 3 \\x + y &= 4k\end{aligned}$$

C5. Let k be the number you receive. For what number n do the points $(3,7)$, $(k, 2k+1)$ and $(k-1, n)$ lie on a line?

1. 5

2. 8

3. 9

4. 6

5.

11

Math Field Day 2015
Relay D

D1. How many prime numbers are factors of 165?

D2. Let k be the number you receive. Solve for x :

$$4^{3x} = 8^{2k}$$

D3. Let h be the number you receive from the front, and let k be the number you receive from the back. A right triangle with legs of lengths x and h has the same hypotenuse as a right triangle with legs of lengths $x + 1$ and k . Find x .

D4. Let k be the number you receive from the back. What is the remainder when $x^3 + x^2 + 9x + k$ is divided by $x + 2$?

D5. How many ways are there to arrange the letters in MATH?

1. 3

2. 3

3.

4. 2

5. 24